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BLUE BOOK

ROSE S

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The Blue Book of 1939 gives accurate descriptions of the characteristics and colors of some 250 varieties of Roses. These range from a favorite of 400 years ago to the finest newest novelties just created.

The descriptions are so accurate in every detail that a rose lover can feel perfectly safe in selecting their favorites from these pages.

Molvin E. Wyant

Vigorous growth of NEW DAWN (See page 33)





WYANT

Blue Blood

ROSES

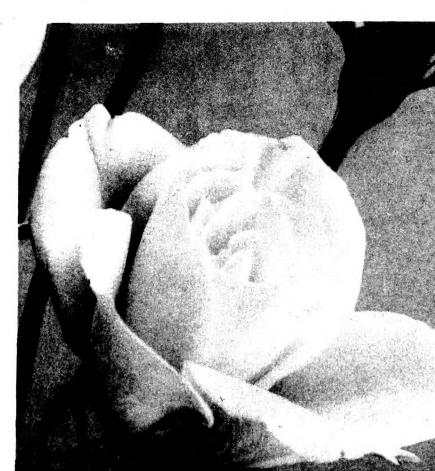
What flower can compare with the perfection of a rose? A single rose in a vase or a whole garden full of blooms give their possessor utmost pleasure. And isn't it grand that raising such perfect gems is so pleasant and easy? Wyant Roses are raised with the idea always in mind of producing such good plants that the amateur will be sure to have perfect success with them and this Blue Book for 1939 is printed to help the buyer buy wisely.

Wyant Roses produce satisfaction because they are grown by Specialists who devote all their time and energy to growing good roses and they do not grow so many but what they can give each one the attention it needs at the time it needs it. From the very first the pedigree of Wyant Roses is carefully maintained. Their root stock is grown on our own place so that it will be the best obtainable. Roots can be imported from Holland at a lower price than what it costs us to grow our own, but the difference is well defined in the finished plant. The roots on Wyant Roses are defi-

nitely superior; they are fine leathery and numerous—every bush is an aristocrat.

The root stock (Multiflora Japonica) is set at the proper distances in the nursery to give enough room to make a quality plant; they are set at the proper depth which is even more important and they are de-eyed before planting so as to prevent the growth of suckers after they reach the customer's garden. Multiflora Japonica rose roots are used because they have been found to be the best for almost the entire country.

Streamlined ECLIPSE (See page 15)



And a budded rose is preferred in the first place to one on its own roots because it is stronger growing, produces more blooms, is hardier and easier to transplant. Wyant Roses, budded on our selected root stock, can be safely planted on either sand or clay soil, very rarely suckers and is hardy even in the coldest sections.

Most of the patented varieties that are listed are grown right here on our own grounds under royalty contract so that they are Wyant Roses with Wyant Quality. Their first winter after being budded they are left right in the field where the rugged winters of Northern Ohio give them hardiness. The last year of their growth in our fields they are given the utmost attention and protection; they are dusted conscientiously throughout the season to prevent Black-spot thus keeping the foliage on until frost takes it off. This gives them a chance to store up energy that shoots them out in the spring, the way you want them to grow.

In digging, Wyant Roses are given the greatest protection to keep them from drying out at any time. The roots are not cut too short but left of sufficient length to insure good growth. Then in storage the protection continues during the winter by covering the roots with moist sand and keeping the temperature as nearly freezing as possible.

In buying Wyant Roses you are buying the best. They are called two years old, but have a full three seasons' growth before they are sold and not merely two seasons as many roses have. This all helps to produce Wyant Quality Roses—roses that are entitled to listing in the Blue Book—roses that you will be proud to introduce in your garden and with which you will be sure to have success.

(See page 34)



Important Cultural BINTS



Superb McGREDYS TRIUMPH (See page 21)

When the Rose plants have been selected, the next step in the growing of successful Roses is the study of the proper methods of culture. Any Rose lover knows that through the attention to certain principles of cultivation better results can be obtained. Simple directions accompany every Wyant Rose, but the suggestions given below are intended to offer additional help to Rose lovers.

SELECTION OF LOCATION

In selecting the location for your Rose bed, it is not important whether your Roses are to get morning or afternoon sunlight, but that they do get about a half a day of sun. Part shade is preferable to a full day of sunlight.

TREE ROOTS

Select a location where tree roots cannot interfere with your Rose roots. It is surprising how quickly tree roots will find a Rose bed and fill it, consuming food and moisture intended for the Roses. If necessary, dig a trench around your Rose bed, as deep as the tree roots extend thereby cutting off all that might attempt to enter the Rose bed. This trench may be filled in again immediately, and should be dug around the Rose bed every year if the tree roots prove bothersome.



MRS. FRANCIS KING (See page 22)

TREATMENT OF ROSE BUSHES ON RECEIPT

Plant Rose bushes as soon as possible after they are received. The roots are packed in damp moss in shipment, but this cannot keep them indefinitely. If the weather does not permit planting when the bushes are received, take the bundle out of the paper and bury it, covering both tops and roots with soil. Do not drown the roses in water nor allow the packages to lie around and dry out if you expect good results.

PLANTING

If you want successful Roses, plant the bushes close together so that the foliage will keep the ground shaded and cool. Twelve to 15 inches is the rule for the Hybrid Teas, the taller varieties being placed for the best effect. Colors in Roses seldom clash, although you will enjoy finding your favorite combinations.

Instead of waiting until the bushes arrive, it is better, a couple of weeks in advance to spade the soil down 15 to 18 inches, adding plenty of manure, if it is available, and if drainage is needed, the bed should be tiled and surplus water carried away. Guard against the roots drying out from exposure to sun, wind or freezing during planting. Do not use chemical fertilizer when planting Wyant Roses; bonemeal and rotten manure only may be used at planting time.

PRUNING

When a Rose is set in the spring, shorten the strong branches to six or eight inches, and the weaker even more. Heap the soil as high as the branches are pruned, to protect against drying out, until the roots become established. Remove this bank of soil when the shoots start, so that the bud, or crown, is about level with the soil surface. Cultivate the soil every week, especially after the rains.

If you want long stems and large flowers, pick your blooms with long stems. For quantities of bloom, cut short stems and nip old blossoms after the petals fall. In cutting first blossoms from the big strong canes which have shot up from the base of the plant, leave enough of the stem to form the structure of a bush. Cut side oranches back to one or two leaves when cutting flowers.

The only fall pruning recommended is shortening tall bushes, down to about two feet, so that they will not windwhip. The real pruning for established bushes is given in the spring when the bank of soil is removed. At this time remove dead wood from the Hybrid Teas and cut the strong branches down to the highest big live bud. Shorten or remove weak growths.

Hybrid Perpetuals can be shortened down about one-third and from climbers the dead wood should be removed. In July, after the first big burst of bloom is over, you may again prune climbers, but pruning is not recommended unless the plant is too large for

the trellis. The weak branches of Polyanthas should be cut down and the strong ones shortened one-half.

SOILS

In years past, the opinion was that Roses should have a clay soil, but Wyant Roses will grow in almost any soil, if it has food or humus incorporated into it.

It is best to keep away from either extremely heavy or extremely light soil, for the loam soils will have more food in them. Any rotted vegetable matter (humus) mixed into the soil improves the texture and makes it better for the Roses. The best soil you can get is best soil for Roses.

THE PH OF SOILS

The acidity and alkalinity of soils is designated by P^H. A neutral soil has a P^H of 7, while anything less than 7 is acid, getting more and more so as the number becomes smaller, and anything above 7 is alkaline, getting more and more so as the number grows larger.

It has been found that Roses are very tolerant. They will grow in a soil from 4.5 PH up to 8 PH, but the best growing conditions seem to be found in a soil that is neutral or slightly acid—that is, around 6 to 7 PH. Lime, in almost any form, can be used to make soils more alkaline and sulphur to make them more acid.

FEEDING

Bonemeal is the only fall fertilizer for Roses that is recommended. After the ground has become frozen, apply fresh strawy manure if it is procurable. In the spring, when the bank of soil is removed, apply Wyant Rose Food, or else a complete chemical fertilizer, to the established plants but not to newly set Roses. Wyant Rose Food is recommended, because it is of organic composition rather than chemical, and even after long usage does not make the soil toxic, nor burn, as a chemical fertilizer will. Much fertilizing will produce much bloom, so during June or early July make another application to new as well as to established Roses, and then again



Center illustration shows fine vigorous roots of a WYANT ROSE as compared with the poor root development of ordinary roses so often sold as No. 1 stock.

in the latter part of August, not after September 1st. Each time apply about a handful to medium strong bushes, less to weaker, and more to stronger bushes.

WATERING

If the soil around your Roses is kept cultivated, it will seldom be in need of watering. However, during an extended drought, it is advisable to water. When you do water your Roses, soak the ground thoroughly for hours and then do not repeat for a week. It does no harm to wet the foliage occasionally so as to wash it off, but ordinarily it is recommended that watering be done on the ground at the base of the plants.

An application of peat put on in July and left the rest of the season helps to retain moisture and keeps the soil cooler and in better condition for Rose growing.

DISEASE AND INSECT CONTROL

A little attention and care will remedy the few diseases and insects that attack Rose plants. Dusting is preferable to spraying, for it is easier and quicker.

Spray or dust aphids, the small green lice that appear about the tips of the shoots, with insecticides containing nicotine or rotenone. Spray or dust worms and insects that eat leaves, with a poison, such as arsenate of lead one of the ingredients of Wyant's Massey Dust.

Knock Rose chafers, the large grayish bugs with long legs and snouts, into a pan of water covered with coal oil. Place a drop of shellac or thick white lead on all cut ends in the spring, to keep out the carpenter bee, which makes a hole in the exposed pith.

Prevent black-spot, the disease which makes leaves drop off, by dusting with Wyant's Massey Dust beginning as soon as the leaves come out and continuing about every week, and more often in rainy weather. Apply a light even coat with a gun on a calm evening before the dew, if possible, thereby protecting the foliage so that it will be retained until frost.

Mildew, which causes the young leaves to turn white and curl, can also be controlled by dusting with Wyant's Massey Dust or Wyant's Rose Dust.

It is so important to keep your roses healthy and so easy to do it with our dust and gun that it gives considerable added satisfaction when you retain the foliage on the bushes throughout the season and get that marvelous crop of blooms in the fall. Start dusting early and be conscientious about continuing it often.

WINTER STERILIZATION OF ROSE BED

Dr. Massey of Cornell University who is the leading authority on Rose diseases in this country, states that there is no scientific evidence to show that dormant spraying is worth while but in my own garden I spray with Lime-sulphur dormant strength and I find that Black-spot is much easier to prevent than it used to be before I used a dormant spray. In the early winter before I give the roses their winter protection. I spray the plants and the ground around them.

then I repeat in the spring after the protection is removed. I find it better to apply it with a sprinkling can instead of a sprayer and use about 1 pound to 4 gallons of water. Lime-Sulphur is very toxic to diseases and kills the disease spores on leaves that are still on the plants and those which have dropped to the ground. Bordeaux would do a little good but nothing compared with Lime-sulphur. I can supply Lime-sulphur at 35c per 1 pound can, or an 8 pound sack for \$1.00.

PLANT WYANT ROSES

Wyant Roses are the best roses that can be raised. They are called 2 years old but in order to give them the highest quality possible they are grown a full year longer in our nursery than some others. Wyant Roses have three year old roots and strong tops. You should see their fine roots. What difference does it make to have a 2 year root or a 3 year root? Just this—there is almost no loss from transplanting one of Wyant Roses. They start easily and produce an average of 40 to 50 blossoms per bush a year. Wyant Roses are full of life and vigor.

After you have had Wyant Roses you will never be satisfied with something less good. You will find that Roses are not just Roses but there is a difference in them. Wyant Blue Blood Roses give the growth and blooms that you expect they produce satisfaction.

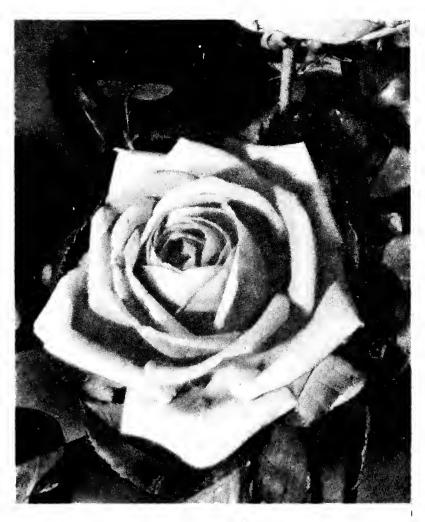
Learn About

ROSES

GET THIS BOOK

"How to Grow Roses"

By Pyle & McFarland



Immense SCHWABENLAND (See page 24)



HYBRID TEA ROSES

This is the largest and most important group of roses for it includes the so-called Ever-blooming or Monthly blooming roses. It is the group that most people are thinking about when they are talking about roses.

The bushes usually grow 1½ to 3 feet high and should be planted 12 to 15 inches apart in beds. We like to have the soil between the plants kept loosened and if they are planted relatively close together they will shade the ground, keeping it cooler and in better condition for the roses during the summer thereby producing more blooms.

ALEZANE (Plant Pat. 116) The intense spectacular color makes this rose one of the outstanding new varieties. Urn shaped buds open to reddish brown semi-double blooms. The medium sized blooms are produced freely on a moderate growing bush. 27 petals. \$1.25.

ALICE HARDING. (Plant Pat. 202). This new yellow rose seems to be right at home in hot weather. The intense sunflower yellow holds very well in the heat. The blossom is a beautiful intense deep yellow but the bush is a low grower of only moderate vigor. 40 petals. \$1.50.

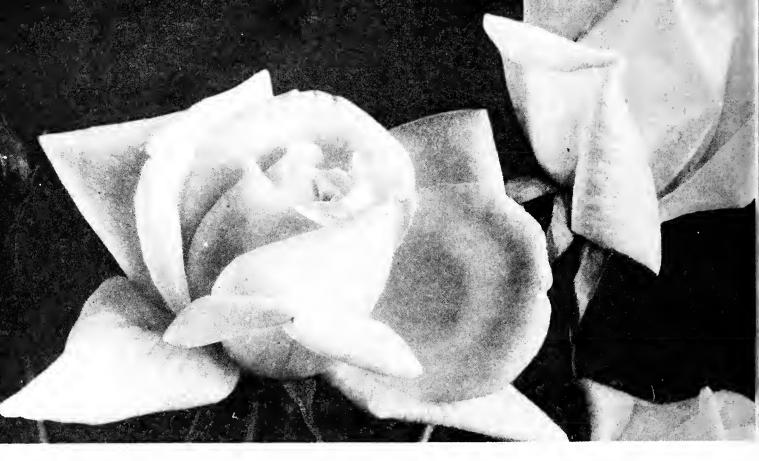
AMELIA EARHART. (Plant Pat. 63). For those who like very large very double blossoms, this rose will appeal to them. On account of their size there are relatively few blossoms and the plant is only a fair grower. 80 large petals. \$1.25.

AMI F. MAYERY. The beautiful shade of pink called cochineal pink is very appealing in this rose with its large semi-double blossoms. It is a new variety well worth trying if you want something charming and different. 26 petals. \$1.00.

AMI QUINARD. There are some who want the deepest red colors possible in a rose such as are found in this one. The long buds opening into medium sized blossoms are very freely produced on an erect good growing bush. 15 petals. 80c.

ANGELS MATEAU. (Plant Pat. 174). The color of this new variety is most appealing. It varies from orange rose to coral. The blooms are large well formed and deliciously fragrant. From customers' reports it is a very good grower in the garden. 31 petals. \$1.25.

ANTINEA. The beautiful blended copper and gold petals of this rose are very large but only those who like the simple semi-double blossoms should get it for there are only 18 petals. The combination of colors is enchanting. The bush is a strong medium tall grower. \$1.00.



Lovely APRICOT DAWN

APRICOT DAWN. Our new introduction this season of which we are indeed proud. It is a delightful fool-proof variety. Most everyone knows the ease with which Golden Dawn is produced in the yellow class. This new sport (variation) of Golden Dawn is just as good and is of attractive apricot shading. The colors are quite similar to those of Rev. F. Page Roberts, buff-apricot on the inside and deeper apricot on the outside of the broad petals. The blossoms are the same size and form as those of Golden Dawn, are produced as freely and are of the same delicious fragrance as the parent. 42 petals. \$2.00.

AUTUMN. A most spectacular rose having some of the same hues as President Hoover but exposing more scarlet. This variety is losing in favor on account of its susceptability to black-spot. 41 petals. 80c.

BETTER TIMES. (Plant Pat. 23). The deep cerise flowers are large double and delicately perfumed. Being freely produced on long stems they are excellent for cutting. A very successful garden variety. \$1.00.

BETTY UPRICHARD. The two tone coral color is intriguing. The bush is one of the easiest growers; strong, tall and upright. 23 petals. 80c.

BLACK KNIGHT. (Plant Pat. 159). The medium sized double blossoms are well formed and the deep red color is almost black. 30 petals. (The supply is low). \$1.25.

BRAZIER. As the name implies, the color is a bright flame-scarlet. Pointed buds of burnt orange open to double fragrant flowers of dazzling brilliance. \$1.00.

BREAK O' DAY. One of the Brownell new hardy varieties. The vigorous low growing plant produces large double blossoms of 10 or more rows of petals, recurles outside, showing orange, apricot and buff shades. \$1.25. (The supply is low.

BRIARCLIFF. Has replaced Columbia but the average person cannot tell the difference. The large, double pink blooms of Briarcliff are borne on strong smooth stems. 44 petals. 80c.

CARILLON. (Plant Pat. 136). So named because it is always cheerful and gay. The lively coral flame blossoms are freely produced on a plant of spreading habit. 23 petals. \$1.00.

CARRIE JACOBS BOND. (Plant Pat. 158). The glorious large double blossoms are an enchanting deep rich rose color. A medium tall grower. 45 petals. \$1.25.

CATHRINE KORDES. An outstanding new rose of great merit. The large well formed blooms are a deep pink with orange at the base. 54 petals. 85c.

CECIL. Just five petals comprise this single variety. The petals are real yellow, large and broad. The bush is a medium low grower of bushy habit. 80c. (The supply is low).

CECILE WALTER. One of my favorite varieties. The 28 large salmon petals form a beautiful shaped rose. The bush is medium tall. 85c.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS. One of the good old standbys in red roses. The large loose fragrant blooms remain a good color in all kinds of weather and the bush is a large easy grower, 32 petals. 80c.

CHARLES P. KILHAM. All who see the well shaped beautiful blooms on this low spreading plant are sure to admire it. They are deep rose pink blended with copper. 50 petals. 80c.

CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT. If it wasn't for this rose would be more popular. It is one of the blackthe difficult name, I believe est red roses. Its 40 curly small petals make it quite double. The plant is low and spreading. 80c.

CHRISTOPHER STONE. A new gold medal rose that is thrilling in every way from the bud until the petals drop. The very bright velvety scarlet flowers never show any blue in their color and have an intense damask fragrance. A good grower and bloomer. 30 petals. \$1.25.

Endearing COUNTESS VANDAL (See page 14)





SOUVENIR de MADAM CHAMBARD (See page 25)

TAGO. The intense two-tone color, red and yellow is so striking that most everyone who sees it wants it. The blossoms are large, double and very richly fragrant. The bush is a vigorous, medium tall grower. 63 petals. \$1.00.

COUNTESS VAN-DAL. (Plant Pat. 38). You can't help but enjoy its charming blooms. They are well formed and produced freely on a good grow-

ing bush; everyone speaks well of it. The combination of its orange, coral, salmon and copper shades are entrancing. 30 petals. \$1.00.

CRIMSON GLORY. (Plant Pat. 105). A new rose that is a real glory. The deep velvety red blossoms are exquisite all year and are abundantly produced on low growing compact bushes. 30 petals. \$1.25. (The supply is low).

CYNTHIA. This new pink rose unfolds beautifully. The deep orange pink shades to gold at the base of the large petals. 40 petals. 80c.

DAINTY BESS. Well described by its name. It is a charming little five petal rose with a delicate flesh pink tint with lavender shading and purple stamens. 80c.

DIRECTOR RUBIO. Very large broad flat blossoms open from long slender buds. Deep rose pink color. The bush is a low upright grower. 36 petals. 80c.

DOORYARD DELIGHT. (The name has been changed at the request of the originator Mr. M. H. Horvath, from Mrs. Frank Stearns) This new type of rose is a foolproof grower in every respect. Its foliage is free from Black-spot and Mildew and it does not freeze down in the winter. Its light pink blooms are borne in large trusses on an upright growing bush that is about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high and it gets to be a good sized plant, so should not be set closer than 2 feet apart. The blossoms are of medium size, fully double and although not spectacular, the fool proof habit of the plant recommends it sufficiently. \$1.50.

DOROTHY McGREDY. A new variety of unusual coloring. It is a two-tone rose with the outside of the petals a buff yellow and the inside an intense vermillion with a bright yellow color at the base of the broad petals. Medium grower. 27 petals. \$1.00.

DUCHESS OF ATHOL. A different shade of copper and deep apricot that is very attractive. Long buds on good stems and a fairly good growing bush. 26 petals. \$1.00.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. The long buds are coppery yellow and open to broad attractive blossoms with beautiful yellow stamens. 20 large petals. 80c.

DUQUESA DE PENARANDA. This very artistic rose has the newer copper and brownish shades. Long bud. 38 petals. \$1.00.

ECLIPSE. (Plant Pat. 172). This sensational rose eclipses 'em all. The long stream-lined buds enhanced by ornamental sepals are pure yellow without shading. The long stiff stems usually have a single blossom at their apex. I recommend it as one of the finest new yellow roses. 25 petals. \$1.25.

EDITH KRAUSE. The immense pure white perfect blossoms are borne singly on long strong stems. The blossoms are so large that a bush does not produce many of them but they are so wonderful that it pays to have several bushes of them. The bush is an upright medium tall grower. 30 petals. \$1.00.

EDITH NELLIE PERKINS. It seems that everyone who has it is a booster for it. The blossoms are a light salmon pink, shading to white with orange at the base. 32 petals. 80c.



The appealing bewitchery of delicate hued GLOAMING (See page 16)

EDITOR McFARLAND. An easy growing plant producing a lot of fine rose pink blossoms. 30 petals. 80c.

EDOUARD SCHILL. The large globular blossoms of copper pink are borne on strong medium large plants. 50 petals. 80c.

ELDORADO. Still another very large, very double rose. This time it is a real yellow color as the name suggests. The bush is medium tall with strong upright growth and beautiful red thorns. 30 petals. 80c.

ETERNAL YOUTH. (Pat. Pending) The perfectly formed buds are long and pointed and colored a beautiful soft rosey pink. The bud is held well as the blossoms expand and the color remains a lovely clear pink, sometimes suffused with a touch of salmon. The growth is vigorous. \$1.50.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. Most rose growers agree that this is supreme among the red roses. Its scarlet blossoms develop perfectly on strong growing plants. 32 petals. 80c.

FAIENCE. The lovely soft shades in this new rose are entrancing. The large beautifully formed flowers are an artistic China-pink on the inside of the petals while the outside is a soft yellow lightly shaded with pink. 45 petals. \$1.25.

FEU PERNET DUCHER. (Plant Pat. 103) Real yellow, very double, abundantly produced a strong grower and its disease resistant qualities all make this rose a very worthwhile acquisition. Sometimes in the spring though it first blossoms are whitish but they deepen as the season advances until in the fall you have an almost perfect blossom. 85 petals. \$1.00.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. The immense very double blossoms make it still in demand although it is quite an old variety. The blossoms are so double that sometimes in hot or damp weather the petals stick together and fail to open but when they do open the gorgeous red blossoms are worth waiting for. 100 petals. 80c. (The supply is low).

GIPSY LASS. Its large number of double deep red blooms, produced on long stems, makes it a worth while acquisition. 70 small petals. 80c.

GLOAMING. (Plant Pat. 137) Both the blossoms and bush are indeed superior. The large long buds open into luminous pink blossoms with salmon shadings. The bush grows well, retaining its foliage when others around it drop theirs. 36 large and 4 small petals. \$1.00.

GLOWING CARMINE. A fine exhibition and cut flower variety. The buds are very large and globular opening into full well shaped carmine blossoms of a solid color. A good grower, 40 petals. \$1.00.

GOLDEN DAWN. An easy growing yellow rose. Its large double cupped light yellow blossoms are freely produced on a low growing bush. You should have this delightful fragrant variety. 42 large petals. 80c.

GOLDEN MAIN. (Plant Pat. 254) The numerous blossoms are of the purest deepest yellow. They are medium size with 54 small petals. \$1.25.

GOLDEN RAPTURE. A new yellow rose with glistening bright blossoms held erect on good stems for cutting. 17 large petals. \$1.00.

GRENOBLE. A truly noble rose. Its straight stiff stems hold the sparkling red blossoms erect. They are always a good red and usually come singly on the stems. Good growers. 41 petals. 80c.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. There is no other rose that produces as much bloom. Its numerous bright red blossoms are born in clusters. This variety is a tall hardy grower and should be used as garden decoration rather than for cut flowers. 42 petals. 80c.

HEINRICH WENDLAND. The great hybridizer Kordes originated this and the following variety. They are both marvelous and somewhat similar in color. Wendland is a good grower producing coral and apricot blossoms that deepen to gold at the base of the broad petals. 55 large and 20 small petals. 85c.

HINRICH GAEDE. A little more spectacular than Wendland but not quite as reliable a grower. Its color is a brilliant deep coral. 40 large and 7 small petals. 85c.

IMPRESS. As impressive as its name. A rose long to be remembered with its large double coral pink blossoms. 55 petals. 80c.

INDEPENDENCE DAY. No yellowish rose produces as many blossoms. Its flowers are semi-double apricot yellow. 20 petals. 80c.

INNOCENCE. The name is characteristic of the simple single white blossoms of this charming rose. The blossoms open to about 4 inches in diameter. 10 petals. 80c.

IRISH FIREFLAME. An alluring little single rose with a blend of soft apricot and salmon. The small long pointed buds with hand-some sepals are great for the bottonhole. 5 petals. 80c. (The supply is low)

ISOBEL. A nother charming single variety. Its color is a beautiful blended soft pink shading to yellow at the base of the 7 broad petals. 80c. (The supply is low)

JEAN COTE. (Pat. Pending) The large solid orange blossoms, almost brown, come singly and continuously on good stems that wave gracefully in the breeze. An attractive new variety. \$1.50.

Vivid MATADOR (See page 20)





JOANNA HILL. Everyone knows this lovely soft yellow rose. Its attractive way of uncurling its petals and its long stems make it one of the most popular roses. 53 petals. 80c.

JOSEPH STRAND. The strong bushes produce gorgeous big blooms on strong stems. The broad petals are a soft luminous rose pink with a gold base. 31 petals. 85c.

yellow blend in the overall pink petals makes this a different color than most pink roses. Large cupped blossoms are freely produced on strong stems. 55 petals. 80c.



MR. M. H. HORVATH, famous creator of many of our finest new roses.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VIKTORIA. Long known as the most perfect white blossom, its praises cannot be too highly sung. The stems are long and wiry. 82 petals. 80c.

KATHERINE PECHTOLD. The color blends are alluring. They range from orange vermillion to deep orange and are equally charming in the bud and open flower. The bud is long and slender, real streamlined bud and open flower. The bud is long and slender. \$1.00.

KIDWAI. The way the bud is held in the center of the large yellow blossom makes it unusually attractive. Pink tints blending delicately with the yellow, make is even more fascinating. 26 petals. **85c.** (The supply is low)

LADY ALICE STANLEY. This good old standby is a two tone pink, lighter on the inside than the outside. Richly fragrant. 60 petals. 80c.

LADY ASHTOWN. All agree that it is a good rose in every respect. As the large rose pink buds expanded the petals curl back pointed and symmetrical. The bush is a large robust grower. 43 petals. 80c.

LADY FORTEVIOT. The informal semi double blooms are perfectly beautiful. They are lovely soft orange and apricot and are borne profusely on a vigorous growing bush. 17 petals. 80c.

LA PARISIENNE. Numerous blossoms greatly resembling those of Mme. Edouard Herriot are produced on this healthy growing bush. Long buds opening reddish coral. \$1.00.

LITTLE BEAUTY. (Plant Pat. 149) Medium sized full double blossoms are produced in abundance. The bushes are erect strong growers. The blooms are rose pink without shading. \$1.00.

LUCIE MARIE. The salmon and gold suffusion of the large double flowers make a showy rose. Bush is tall and strong. 40 petals. 80c.

LUXEMBURG. The low compact growth with its deep saffron yellow large double flowers makes it very desirable for the foreground of rose beds. 52 large petals. 80c.

LYDIA. An exceptionally fine rose for cut flower purposes. The buds are especially large and long of a lovely clear pink color. A sturdy upright grower. 37 petals. \$1.00.

MABELLE STEARNS. (Plant Pat. 297) Formerly called Dooryard Delight but renamed at the request of the originator, Mr. M. H. Horvath. This is a fool proof rose of spreading habit which should be planted about 5 feet apart. The branches grow horizontally like a Pfitzer Juniper and the plant gets about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. It blooms like a Hybrid Tea but neither freezes down in the winter nor gets diseased in the summer. The blossoms are a dawn pink shade, of medium size, very double and hold the center well as they open. 61 large and 64 small petals. \$2.00.

MARGARET BELLE HOUSTON. Very large very double deep red blooms are produced on very strong upright plants. It is a stately rose. 74 petals. \$1.00.

MARGARET McGREDY. One of the older of the McGredy roses

and one of the best. Its growth is compact, its foliage abundant and its large round blossoms are an attractive orange scarlet. 38 petals. 80c.

MASARYK JUBILEE.
The globular deep red buds open into large cupped blossoms filled with small petals. The bush is a good healthy grower producing heavy straight stems. 46 petals. 85c.

MATADOR (Plant Pat. 170) This new patented rose has large deep red blooms that are sure to please. Its velvety broad petals are exceptionally fragrant. 37 petals. \$1.00.



The favorite red rose, ETOILE de HOLLONDE (See page 16)

MAYOR CERMAK. Somewhat similar to Masaryk Jubilee with blackish red blooms but a more spreading bush, 80 petals. 85c.

MAX KRAUSE. For those who want a large double pure yellow rose, this fits the bill. It is a high quality rose of 60 petals. \$1.00.

McGREDYS GEM. This remarkable strong plant produces a large quantity of medium sized gem like blooms. The petals of the light pink blossoms curl back perfectly reminding one of a perfect cut gem. 24 large and 15 small petals. \$1.00.

McGREDYS IVORY. One of the very best of the new white roses. Long buds open into perfectly formed ivory white blossoms which are larger than the average. They are fine for cutting, coming on

strong straight stems. 25 petals. \$1.00.

McGREDYS SCARLET. Another McGredy rose that is very popular. It is scarlet only in the fall and other times is a good deep pink. The buds are especially slender. The bush is a tall fine grower. 35 petals. 80c.

McGREDYS TRIUMPH. (Plant Pat. 190) When McGredys call a rose their "triumph" you can count on it being a great rose. Large geranium red blooms flushed with orange are produced on strong

branchy plants. 34 petals. \$1.25.

McGREDYS SUNSET. (Patent rights reserved) A deep yellow flushed with scarlet. The color is very sun resistant and the bush is

a prolific bloomer and a good grower. \$1.50.

McGREDYS WONDER. In the fall when its color is the deepest and its size the largest, it surely can be called a "wonder." The semi-double blossoms are very spectacular orange copper and are liberally produced on a large strong bush. 21 petals. \$1.00.

McGREDYS YELLOW. The large soft blooms keep on coming almost continuously. The large petals open out broad and gracefully making a most attractive blossom. 31 large and 5 small petals. \$1.00.

MISS AMERICA. (Plant Pat. 264) Not as sylph like as the name would suggest. On the contrary the blooms are very large and flat, being composed of 65 petals. The light salmon blossoms are produced singly on long stems throughout the season. \$1.00.

MISS ROWENA THOM. One of the largest pink roses and produced by a large growing bush. The habit of growth as well as the blossom remind you of Radiance, but the bloom is more attractive.

The fragrance is especially strong. 43 petals. 80c.

MME. BUTTERFLY. An old favorite which took the place of a still older favorite, Ophelia. The shell pink buds are long and urn

shaped, richly fragrant. 25 petals. 80c.

MME. COCHET COCHET. (Plant Pat. 129) We like the blossoms as well as the sturdy growth of this newer rose. The soft salmon pink blooms often remind us of Los Angeles, but it is much easier

to grow as it is quite disease resistant. 20 petals. \$1.00.

MME. JEAN GAUJARD. (Pat. rights reserved) One of the newest and a dandy. The bud is very long and the bush is an upright vigorous grower so that you have a great rose for cutting. The color at first is a copper buff changing to a soft buff as the blossoms become open and cupped. \$1.50.

MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD. This has been our favorite rose the last two or three seasons. You ought to see it and you couldn't help but want it. Long stems, long buds, and deep cadmium yellow blossoms toned with burnt orange. 38 petals. \$1.25.

MME. JULES BOUCHE. One of the favorite white roses. A good sturdy grower with beautiful white blooms touched with faint pink at the center. Intensely fragrant. 32 petals. 80c.

MME. NICOLAS AUSSEL. The long copper pink buds and blossoms last well when in water, 44 petals. 80c.

MRS. CHARLES BELL. One of the Radiance family which should be better known. Its large shell pink blossoms are identical in shape with those of Radiance. A large fool-proof grower. 30 petals. 80c.

MRS. E. P. THOM. The most popular yellow rose. Its sunflower yellow blooms are borne in profusion on nice stems for cutting. A good grower and dependable in every respect. 29 petals. 80c.

MRS. FRANCIS KING. (Plant Pat. 253) Those who like real large white roses will surely like this new variety. Notwithstanding its size, it opens well under almost all weather conditions, turning from ivory to white. A very robust grower with strong stems. 80 petals. \$1.00.

MRS. G. A. VAN ROSSEM. One of the most outstanding and reliable ones among the bronzy colored varieties. The color is a striking and gorgeous combination of orange apricot and gold and the petals are heavily veined with vermillion. 37 petals. 80c.

MRS. HENRY BOWLES. A good actor in every way. Large double two tone pink blossoms grow on sturdy bushes. 50 petals. 80c.

MRS. HENRY MORSE. These blossoms are also two tone pink but the buds are longer and not as double as those of Mrs. Bowles. 35 petals. 80c.

MRS. HENRY WINNETT. Too few know the high quality of this beautiful red rose. Its blossoms are high centered, a good deep red and the stems are fine for cutting. 54 petals. 80c.

MRS. JOHN BELL. The large double tango or copper pink blooms are extremely popular. 38 petals. 80c.

MRS. PIERRE DU PONT. One of the deepest yellow of all roses. The buds are a pretty shape and the color is very attractive. The bush is a low compact grower. 38 petals. 80c.

MRS. SAM McGREDY. All who see this are immediately captivated by its showy copper and apricot colors and its pretty shaped buds. Not an especially strong grower but that makes very little difference with those who see it. 38 petals. 85c.

MRS. W. C. EGAN. Has both long buds and double blossoms which is an exception to the rule. The large blossoms are light pink and well formed. 40 petals. 80c.

NELLIE E. HILLOCK. (Plant Pat. 185) A fine bushy grower like its parent Golden Dawn. It has deep pink blooms with the inside of the petals silvery pink. Deliciously fragrant blossoms and disease resistant foliage like its parent. 51 petals. \$1.00.

NUNTIUS PACELLI. The double white blossoms are interesting both in the bud and wide open form. It is a good white rose, 42 petals. 80c.

OTTO KRAUSE. A bushy compact low grower producing fine light pink blossoms shaded slightly with salmon. The buds are long and the fragrant blooms are cup shaped. 25 petals. 85c.

PADRE. An upright medium tall grower. Has Indian red semi-double blossoms that are very attractive. 23 petals. 80c.

PHYLLIS GOLD. We like its pretty yellow blossoms very much. The large golden petals form a globular bud which opens into a well shaped fragrant bright yellow blossom. Very free bloomer. 22 petals. \$1.00.

PINK DAWN. Glorious deep-rose buds open into large lovely pink blooms tinted with orange at the base of the petals. Sweetly fragrant, fully double and of vigorous upright habit. \$1.25.

PIUS XI. Well shaped double blossoms come out a cream color and turn white in the sun. 39 petals 80c.

POINSETTIA. As the name suggests, it has semi-double flowers of a bright rich scarlet color. The fragrant blossoms are produced freely during the whole season on vigorous plants of fairly tall growth. \$1.25.

POLLY. The light pink blossoms are shaded yellow at the base of the petals. The blooms are urn shaped, double and well formed. 40 petals. 80c.

PRESIDENT HOOVER. One of the most popular of all roses; it is good in every respect. Tall upright growth produces long stems and the blossoms are wonderful in all stages of development. The long reddish buds open into flame colored blooms that are large and exquisite. 25 petals. **80c.**

PRESIDENT PLUMECOCQ. The showy salmon and apricot blooms are produced on tall upright bushes. Some say it was one of our nicest roses last summer. 34 petals. 80c.

PRINCE FELIX. This new red rose is one of the strongest growers. The blossoms are of fair size, of medium red color and are good for cutting. 36 petals. \$1.00.

QUEENLANDS BEAUTY. A fine pink sport of Golden Dawn. It has all the good qualities of its parent, disease resistant, blooming ability, articless, fragrance, form and size. 45 petals. \$1.00.

QUEEN MARY. (Plant Pat. 249) One of the finest new roses. A lovely pink overcast with glowing salmon and orange at the base of the broad petals. Long pointed buds and large full flowers with delicate perfume. The plants are good vigorous growers. \$1.50.

RADIANCE. Everyone knows it as an easy fool-proof rose. The two tone pink blossoms are always in ball or bud form and are produced quite continuously even when other varieties are resting. The bush is a large grower. 30 petals. 80c.

bush is a large grower. 30 petals. 80c.

RADIANT BEAUTY. (Plant Pat. 97) The originators state that it is a cross between Radiance and Francis S. Key. The red blooms are large and double like Key and the bush is a good grower. 63 petals. \$1.00.

RAMON BACH. (Pat. rights reserved) Large blossoms of apricot yellow come on long straight stems. It is a beautiful rose and a good grower. \$1.50.

RADIO. (Plant Pat. 197) Being a descendant of Condesa De Sastago, it has all its good qualities of vigor, size, hardiness and fragrance. The blossoms vary greatly in color; basically yellow, the petals are striped unevenly and sometimes blotched with pink but no two are alike so it is always interesting. \$1.25.

RED RADIANCE. Like Radiance, it is an easy grower. Its blossoms are light red and stay in bud form. Its long stems are produced by a large growing bush. 30 petals. 80c.

REV. F. PAGE ROBERTS. The perfect shape and color of its flowers has made it one of the favorite roses. The inside of the large blooms is deep golden yellow and the outside a soft red. The bush is a low grower. 35 petals. 80c.

REX ANDERSON. (Pat. rights reserved) These roses of beautiful form and great size turn from cream to white. They come 1 to 3 on a stem in rapid succession. The plant is a good vigorous grower. \$1.50.

ROCHEFORT. (Plant Pat. 191) Those who see this new variety like it at once. Its salmony copper color is fascinating and the blossom is large, double and well shaped. The stems are strong and the bush is a good grower. 58 petals. \$1.25.

ROME GLORY. (Pat. pending) Large crimson red buds on long strong stems open into beautiful full, well formed fragrant cerise red blooms. They are large and last well either cut or on the bush. \$1.50.

ROSLYN. Real sunflower yellow blossoms. The blooms are large and rather loosely formed. The bush is a big sturdy grower. 30 petals. 80c.

ROUGE MALLERIN. These red blossoms are so showy that they can be picked out way across the rose field. They are large and double. 41 petals. \$1.00.

SAN DIEGO. (Pat. pending) A two tone yellow and buff. The blossom is of good form of medium size and the bush is a low compact grower. \$1.00.

SCHWABENLAND. The immense pink blooms are borne on long stems. If you want large blossoms you should surely get this rose. 70 petals. 80c.

SENTINEL. This light red rose with good stems for cutting is the one given to the American Rose Society by Allister Clark of Australia. 38 petals. 80c.

SEVERINE. Quite a distinctive coral shade. A small rose of unusual form with a very long slim bud. Great for the buttonhole. 23 petals. 85c.

SHIRLEY TEMPLE. This new rose is a dainty light yellow which opens up beautifully and is a good rose for cutting as well as a good grower. This is the rose that was named through a national naming contest conducted by us. 35 petals. 85c.

SIGNORA. (Plant Pat. 201) A real masterpiece in both plant and bloom. The long bud of a warm burnt sienna opens to a lighter hue called manderin, indescribably beautiful. The bush is a tall grower with every bloom coming on a long stem. 27 petals. \$1.25.

SIR HENRY SEGRAVE. It uncurls so beautifully and holds the center so well that it always gives a lot of pleasure. The color is light yellow. 60 petals. 85c.

SISTER THERESE. I am very fond of this semi-double rose. I like the beautiful long golden buds and when they open the large broad apricot yellow roses are very striking with their brownish stamens in the center. 22 petals. 85c.

SOLIEI DE FRANCE. Long pointed buds; rich yellow; large, fairly double bloom with warm tints of orange and apricot. Fairly scented. Prolific bloomer on a bush of medium height. 85c.

SOUV. DE CLAUDIUS PERNET. Long the most popular yellow rose, it is losing in popularity because of its defects in the early summer of a black center and greenish colored petals. Its yellow color and fine form are great in the late summer and fall. 44 petals. 80c.

SOUV. DE GEORGE BECKWITH. The large double blossoms are fine for exhibition purposes. They are salmon pink color and are produced on good long stems. 37 petals. 80c.

SOUV. DE GEORGE PERNET. An old favorite. The large reddish blossoms are delicately fragrant and almost look like a peony when they are open. A vigorous grower. 35 petals. 80c.

SOUV. DE MME. CHAMBARD. Have you seen the charming twotone coral pink blossoms of this sterling rose? They are a new shade and very beautiful. The bud holds well in the center of the opening blossoms. 40 petals. 85c.

STARGOLD. (Plant Pat. 248) I am very fond of this new variety. Its yellow blossoms are so bright in color they glisten. The petals curl giving the medium sized blossoms a star like appearance. Spicy fragrance An upright strong grower. 32 petals. \$1.25. (The supply is low)

STERLING. A new strong growing pink rose that at times is simply marvelous. The pink turns to gold at the base of the large petals giving it a luminous shean. The buds are long and the blossoms large and double. 37 petals. \$1.25.

SUNSTAR. A novel rose. In the bud it is deep golden touched with carmine. As it unfolds the color changes decidedly to a pink and yellow with a deeper pink edging. Semi-double and charming for those who like the more single types. 16 petals. 80c.

SYRACUSE. The double red blossoms are composed of about 60 small petals. They are borne singly on long straight stems. The bush grows well. 80c.

TALISMAN. Almost everyone knows this two-tone striking blossom. The yellowish color on the inside and the reddish on the outside of the 30 or more petals makes a long remembered sight. The stems are a little weak. 80c.

TEMNO. This low growing bush produces a great number of blackish red blossoms. They are not black but not far from it. Strongly perfumed. 37 petals. 85c.

TEXAS CENTENNIAL. (Plant Pat. 162) It is a sport of Hoover and like it in every respect except color. Its color is a blood red toning to cerise and sometimes shows a trace of yellow. A tall grower like Hoover. 25 petals. 85c.

TRIGO. A new yellowish rose that is very free flowering. The blossoms come more or less in clusters, are of medium size and are deep salmon to apricot 40 petals. 85c.

UNA WALLACE. If there were more who knew this charming pink rose it would be in great demand. The buds are long and the blossoms are produced singly at the ends of long stems. 50 petals. 85c. (The supply is low)

VICTORIA ADELHEID. A new multicolored rose that is very striking. The large fat buds open into yellow and red varigated blossoms, quite large and double. The plant is a fair grower. 40 petals. \$1.00. (The supply is low)

VICTORIA HARRINGTON. Pointed buds of blackish red open into high centered dark red unfading flowers. In the open blossom the petals are curled back giving a distinct cactus form unmatched by other roses. 38 petals. \$1.00.

VILLE DE PARIS. Another good yellow rose. It is a good reliable grower with long wiry stems. Its color is very deep and lasting. A globular flower of 27 petals. 80c. (The supply is low)

WARRAWEE. (Plant Pat. 140) When you see this beautiful rose you can't help but love it. The long soft shell pink pointed buds are borne on plants of notable vigor and health. 30 petals. \$1.00.

W. E. CHAPLIN. One of our best red roses. The blossom is large and shapely and a good deep red. The bush is a strong moderately low grower. 33 petals. 80c.

WHITE BRIARCLIFF. (Plant Pat. 108) Probably the only pure white Hybrid Tea Rose. Besides being a supreme white, it has fine form. Vigorous wiry plants. \$1.00.

WM. E. NICKERSON. One of the good newer roses. The color is a deep pink and the blossoms are well formed quite double and long lasting. 44 petals. 80c.

WILHELM KORDES. The variable colorings is one of its high points. Its colors range from gold through salmon to pink, depending upon the weather. A medium low grower. 45 petals. 80c.

WILL ROGERS. (Plant Pat. 256) This new deep red rose has blossoms of the Vougeot type but more attractively formed. The three-inch blackish velvety crimson blooms are deliciously fragrant. Vigorous bushes. \$1.00.

WILLIAM F. DREER. The soft blending of peach pink into yellow makes it a very lovely rose long to be remembered. 33 petals. 80c.

WILLIAM ORR. The large brilliant crimson blossoms are of great form when opening. They are produced freely on strong bushes. 45 petals. 80c.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

Hybrid Perpetuals or "June Bloomers" generally burst forth into a marvelous display of blooms in June. Many will also again bloom during the season. Their flowers on the whole are more richly fragrant than any other class and are of very large size. The plants are too large to fit in a rose bed of Hybrid Teas but are more foolproof and long lived.

DRUSCHKI RUBRA. Takes its name from the similarity of its blooms to Frau K. Druschki. The light red color is unfading. 80c.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. It is the best known and loved of all Hybrid Perpetuals. It is a very strong tall grower which blooms sparcely during the summer and fall after bearing bountifully in the spring. Pure white when open with prominent yellow stamens but no fragrance. 75c.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. (General Jack for short) One of the greatest favorites of the old roses. It has large, very double deep red blossoms mostly in June. 75c.

GEORG ARENDS. The charming perfect pink blooms make it greatly esteemed. The flowers are high centered and especially well formed. 75c.

J. B. CLARK. The very large red blooms are shaded maroon. The bush is a very vigorous tall grower. 75c.

MRS. JOHN LAING. You can't forget the delicious fragrance of its large full double soft-pink cupped blooms. They come occasionally in the summer as well as abundantly in June. 75c.

PAUL NEYRON. The largest pink rose; it attains enormous proportions but it lacks fragrance. The stems are almost thornless. Produces some of its immense blooms in the late summer. 75c.

S. M. GUSTAVE V. A new very worthwhile Hybrid Perpetual. It blooms throughout the season giving large, very attractive cherry red flowers. 80c.

ULRICH BRUNNER. The cherry red blossoms are always refreshing. The blooms are large, globular and very lasting. 75c.

Plant several of the same variety of roses to get more artistic bouquets.



POLYANTHAS

The Polyantha or Baby Rambler roses bloom almost continuously throughout the season. They have clusters of flowers like the climbing ramblers but are low growing, mostly about 18 inches in height. The Polyanthas are very fool-proof. They require little or no winter protection and are quite free from disease. Their popularity is increasing rapidly on account of their mass of bloom and many uses. A clump of 3 or more should generally be used instead of single specimens to get the maximum effect.

The larger flowered varieties are listed together under Floribunda.

CAMEO. A new and distinctively attractive color described by its name. It is a soft and pleasing shade that will combine well with most other colors. A reliable compact grower about 18 inches high. 75c.

CECILE BRUNNER (Sweetheart) This famous little rose has charming miniature perfect buds of seashell pink.

The plant is a small wiry grower. 75c.

ELLEN POULSEN. A dandy light rose pink in very large clusters. The light green foliage is varnished looking. 15

GLORIA MUNDI. This is the most striking color of all the Polyanthas. The spectacular color is a bright scarlet orange. The plant is a compact grower about 20 inches high.

IDEAL. The best among the red Polyanthas. It is a good reliable grower attaining two feet with immense clusters of deep red blooms. Each little blossom has a white center making them still more striking. 75c.

MINIONETTE. The small white blossoms are born in large clusters very continuously. It is an old variety that is still

> ORANGE KING. An unusual color in roses: It varies from straw color to reddish apricot. The blossoms are double, small and are produced in great quantities. Grows 2 to 21/2 75c.

> > PRINCESS JULIANA. The pretty little flesh colored blossoms come in large flat clusters on erect plants. 20 inches. 75c.

> > ROULETTI. One of the little Tom Thumb roses. The buds are about ¼ inch long and the wide open pink blossoms are about as wide as your thumb nail, 21/2 inch pots 50c; 4 inch, 75c.

> > > Floribunda MRS. R. M. FINCH. easy grower, mass of bloom over long periods. (See page 29)



FLORIBUNDA

This new classification, the Floribunda Roses, was originally classed ander the Polyanthas but they are quite distinct because they have larger blossoms. They are advanced hybrids of the Polyanthas and bloom equally as much, usually in large clusters and like them give a mass effect.

ANNE POULSEN (Plant Pat. 182) A strong robust grower to 3 feet. Large 3 inch, semi-double, flat, deep crimson blossoms. Very

profuse and continuous. Scented. 75c.

DONALD PRIOR. (Pat. rights reserved) The blossoms are the brightest of the Floribundas. They are semi-double bright scarlet and freely produced on a 20-inch plant. The blossoms are about the same size but much brighter than Kirsten Poulsen and a lower grower. \$1.00.

EBLOUISSANT. A low growing compact sturdy bush, 12 to 15 inches. Deep red blossoms with long petals that curl back cactus

like. 75c.

ELSE POULSEN. A good tall grower that is a fine match for Kirsten. The single blossoms about 2 inches in diameter are silvery pink and come in flat racimes. 75c.

GRUSS AN AACHEN. This variety has blossoms as large and double as Hybrid Teas. They are flesh pink and are born in clusters. 1 foot. 75c.

IMPROVED LAFAYETTE. Such a great improvement over Lafayette that it is difficult to see the resemblance. This is a taller grower, 3 feet, larger blossoms, about 3 inches and a deeper red. A profuse bloomer and very spectacular. 85c.

KAREN POULSEN. Very large, single, unfading brilliant scarlet

flowers in clusters. Strong upright growth. 80c.

KIRSTEN POULSEN. Single broad 2-inch blossoms are a light red. The bush is one of the tallest Polyanthas, about 3 feet. 75c.

LAFAYETTE. Has long been a favorite. The compact little bush

is very showy with its large light crimson flowers. 75c.

MRS. R. M. FINCH. A large grower with large blossoms. Double shell pink blooms are produced in great clusters. Many times during the summer a row of these looks like a bank of snow. The buds are often used by Florists for corsage purposes. 2½ to 3 feet high. 75c.

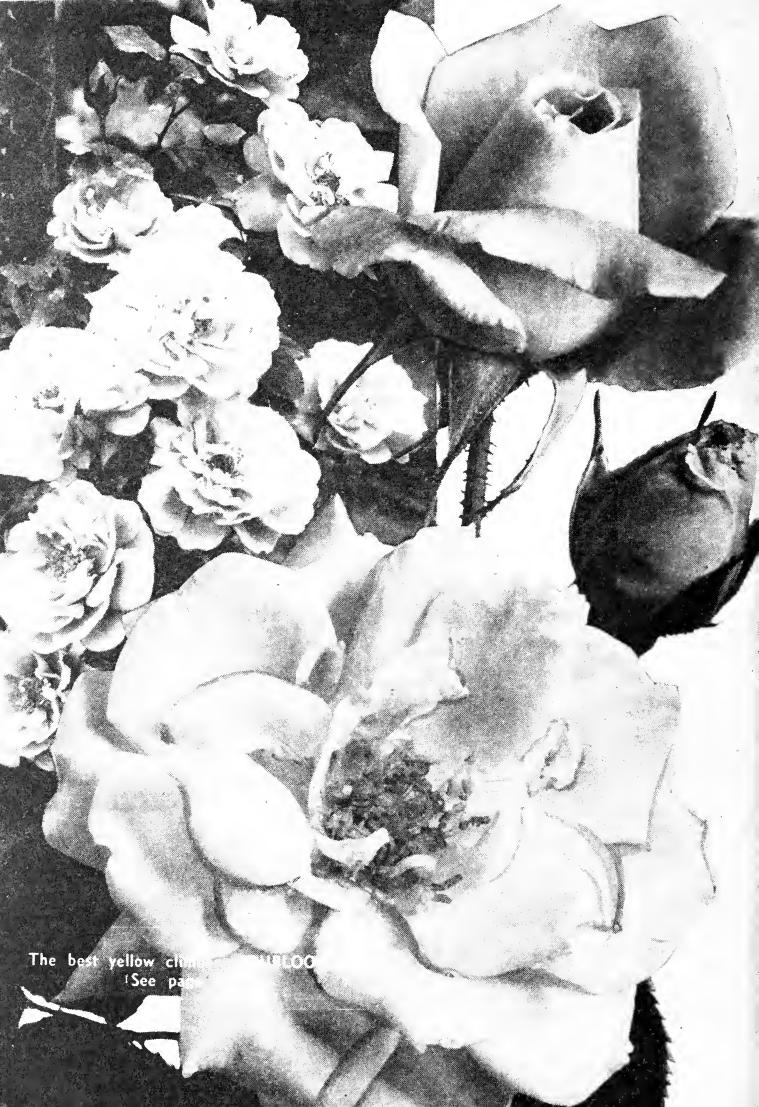
PERMANENT WAVE (Plant Pat. 107) As the name implies, the petals are frilled giving them an unusual wavy appearance. Deep pink with cerise edges. The new foliage is a striking deep bronzy red and the growth attains 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. \$1.00.

PINK LAFAYETTE (Frau Astrid Spath) A dwarf bushy grower just like Lafayette but a clear pink color. A fine variety. 75c.

PAPOOSE. Almost of Hybrid Tea size and form. Light red blooms

are freely produced on 15 inch plants. 85c.

SUNSHINE. Orange colored medium sized blooms come out very early in the spring and recur throughout the season. Small 1 foot compact plants. 85c.



CLIMBING ROSES

The Climbing Roses offered here are the best of their class. Like other styles, the styles in climbers have changed. Very few of the old ramblers are planted; the demand is almost entirely for the newer climbers which have long stems suitable for cutting, disease-resistant foliage and large blossoms. They are not as rampant growers as the old fashioned ramblers.

AMERICAN PILLAR. A very vigorous climber with great clusters of pink flowers with white centers and tufts of yellow stamens. Plan on a lot of room for it. 80c.

BIRDIE BLYE. A continuous blooming low growing climber. The rose pink blooms of medium size are born in clusters on new wood. The plant is hardy and disease resistant. \$1.00.

BLAZE. (Plant Pat. 10) Bright scarlet blooms of medium size are born in clusters on stems of fair length. The plant is covered in June with these balls of fire and then again several times during the growing season there is considerable bloom. It has strong pillar type of growth. \$1.00.

BUFF KING. A very strong grower in pillar form bearing simply glorious apricot blossoms in mid season. They come out in marvelous long buds and open to large yellowish blossoms. \$1.50.

climbing american beauty. The blossoms come out a good red color but in a few days turn to a deep pink. They are fragrant, large and ball shaped, very closely resembling Red Radiance in size, color and form. An early Spring bloomer, fine for cutting. 80c.

CLIMBING LADY ASHTOWN. A climbing Hybrid Tea so not reliably hardy but will come through with protection. Produces large gorgeous pink blossoms with reflexed petals during the summer as well as in abundance in June. A strong grower. \$1.00.

COMET. A strong pillar like climber. Large flesh pink blossoms, similar to those of Gruss an Aachen are produced abundantly in June as well as during the summer. \$1.00.

CORNELIA. A small everblooming climber attaining 5 to 6 feet. It is hardy and the wiry stems produce bloom most of the summer. The blossoms are small and dainty with the colors varying from apricot to pink. \$1.00.

DOUBLOONS. (Plant Pat. 152) My favorite climber. One of the new Horvath Hybrids; extremely hardy. A large vigorous grower with big double bronze yellow blossoms. A very prolific bloomer. I strongly recommend it. \$1.50.

DR. ECKNER. A very attractive new hardy climber which blooms some during the summer as well as in June. Its colors vary according to their age and the weather from two-toned Talisman shades to a beautiful yellowish pink. \$1.00.



DR. HUEY. Do you want the deepest red climber? This one has single blossoms so deep and velvety that they seem almost black. A late spring bloomer over a long period. 80c.

DR. VAN FLEET. Large shell pink flowers on long stems. Waxy foliage and very vigorous growth. One of the favorite climbers but its popularity is giving way to the everblooming New Dawn. A late spring bloomer. 80c.

ELEGANCE. (Pat. pending) The blossoms are as perfect as any Hybrid Tea. The overall deep yellow blooms come on long stems. The plant is a vigorous grower and is hardy in zero weather. \$1.50.

GOLDEN CLIMBER. (Plant Pat. 28) The large golden yellow blossoms maintain their color until they fall and are of beautiful form. Not as free blooming as we would like but we believe our strain is superior in this respect. It is best to grow it in full sunlight. It is a vigorous grower with beautiful thorns, foliage and blossoms. \$1.00.

ICELAND QUEEN. A new lovely white rose that is perfect in every respect. The large double blossoms are freely produced on a strong growing plant. \$1.50.

INERMIS. The rose of superlatives. The earliest blooming; stems absolutely thornless; the hardiest; one of the most fragrant. Rose pink two-inch blossoms freely produced. Foliage slightly subject to mildew. 80c.

KITTY KININMONTH. One of the delightful Australian varieties that blooms over a long period. The large broad, bright pink blossoms with golden stamens are supremely lovely. Pillar type. Recurrent. \$1.25.

LE REVE. One of the hardiest yellow climbers. Wonderful long buds produce large soft yellow semi-double blossoms that keep coming over a long period in the spring. An older variety that should be planted more. Pillar type. 80c.

Meteoric BLAZE (See page 31)

MME. GREGOIRE STAECHELIN. (Spanish Beauty) The cupped blossoms are a fiesh pink flushed with crimson and the petals are attractively curled. Not particularly hardy but greatly loved each spring that it does bloom. 80c.

MARY WALLACE. The long buds that come out in the spring are great for cutting. Large semi-double flowers of a bright rose pink on long stems. A very strong grower. 80c.

MERMAID. A delightful large single yellow that blooms continuously. Likes to trail; needs some winter protection. One of the loveliest roses I know. \$1.00.

NEW DAWN. (Plant Pat. 1) The most nearly everblooming of all the climbing roses. It is the everblooming form of Dr. Van Fleet. The large soft pink flowers appear almost continuously during the spring summer and fall. \$1.25.

PAULS SCARLET CLIMBER. All who see its numerous, well-formed glistening scarlet flowers are immediately thrilled by it. A strong hardy upright grower. Mid spring. 80c.

PEGGY ANN LANDON. (Pat. pending) The earliest blooming yellow climber. Large clusters of orange yellow 2-inch blossoms are born on stiff stems. An abundant bloomer and strong grower \$1.50.

PHYLLIS BIDE. A sweet little ever-blooming climber with small dainty blossoms. Dainty pink with buff color at the base of the petals. \$1.00.

SARAH BERNHART. Large, flat, glistening red blossoms that recur occasionally through the summer. Pillar to 6 feet. \$1.00.

SCORCHER. The stunning fragrant flowers of gorgeous scarlet are semi-double and open to about 4 inches. Blossoms over a long period in the summer as well as in the spring. Pillar type. \$1.00.

SILVER MOON. In the late spring beautiful cream colored buds on long stems open to semi-double flowers about 4 inches across. They are pure white enhanced with golden yellow stamens. One of the most vigorous of all climbers. 80c.

VEILCHENBLAU. The small bluish flowers in large clusters on long stems are semi-double, fairly lasting and intensely fragrant. 85c.

ZEPHIRINE DROUHIN. The long-pointed rose-pink blooms are semi-double and moderately fragrant. Thornless stems. Sometimes recurrent. 85c.

 Please co-operate by following the simple planting directions accompanying each order,
 even if you have planted roses before.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

These roses do not come in any of the classes before listed and in planting should not be set in beds with Hybrid Teas. The following varieties are particularly valuable in masses, hedges, in shrub bordders, or as specimen shrubs on account of their masses of bloom, their hardiness, healthiness and their ability to thrive even under adverse conditions.

AGNES. A yellow rugosa variety that is wonderful in the spring. It has large very double deep bronzy yellow flowers. A tall upright grower. 75c.

CHRISTMAS ROSE. Produces white waxy blossoms profusely outdoors from Thanksgiving until Christmas, and then off and on all winter. The Christmas Rose (Helleborus niger) is a low compact grower with evergreen foliage, about 6 inches high and really belongs to the rock garden or among the perennials. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00.

CONRAD F. MEYER. The light pink blooms are very large and double and occur occasionally throughout the summer. Very vigorous, thorny and fragrant. 75c.

ECAE. A shrub rose of great merit. In the early spring it is almost covered with 2-inch yellow single blossoms. Its foliage is fine and feathery and in the winter its deep red stems and large red thorns are very decorative. More upright growing than Hugonis but its blossoms are somewhat similar. 75c.

F. J. GROOTENDORST. In bloom from early spring until late fall. Blooms in large clusters of fringed carnation-like red flowers. 3 to 4 feet upright growth. 75c.

The GREEN ROSE. (Rose Semperflorens virdiflora) The really green blossoms are produced abundantly and almost continuously from early spring until freezing. The bush is about 2 feet high. It is grown for its novelty rather than for its beauty. 75c.

HARISONS YELLOW. One of the old fashioned shrub roses that we see in the early spring around the older farm houses as we drive through the country. 75c.

HERMOSA. One of the old China roses from which many of our Hybrid Teas were originated. The medium sized pink blossoms are born continuously during the summer on plants about 2 feet high. 75c.

HUGONIS. (The golden Rose of China) The bright yellow flowers, about 2 inches across come out the earliest of any rose in the spring. It grows about 6 feet high and its branches arch over gracefully. 75c.

LORD PENZANCE. A sweetbriar with fragrant foliage throughout the season. Attractive fawn colored blossoms in the spring. 5 foot thorny stems. 75c.

MOSS ROSES. The old favorites are noted for their delightful fragrance as well as for the attractive mossy clothing of the bud. Pink, 75c. Yellow, 85c.

PERSIAN YELLOW. Another of the old fashioned yellow shrub roses you still see throughout the country. In mid spring it is covered with bright yellow 2 inch blossoms. 5 feet high. 75c.

RUBRIFOLIA. This is a unique all year-round rose. In the early spring it has great quantities of small pink star shaped blooms. Then it bears odd red colored foliage from which it gets its name. Early in the season reddish orange berries or hips form which hold through the fall and early winter and then also in the winter you have its reddish stems for a contrast. 4 to 5 feet high. Quite a rose for only 75c.

YORK & LANCASTER. An ancient variety that it quite different. It is said to have originated from the War of Roses. In the spring it produces large semi-double white blossoms which are streaked and striped with red. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet growth. 75c.

Visitors are always welcome at Wyant's Display Garden

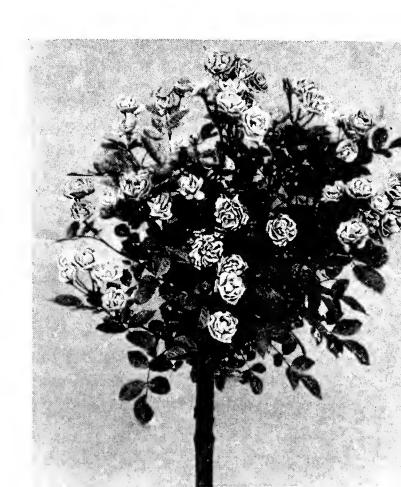
TREE ROSES

When Tree Roses are planted at appropriate spots in your garden they give it an accent and atmosphere of distinction. Their strong 3½ foot stems and good big tops which seem to bloom more and better than the bush roses make a great sight throughout the season.

For winter protection their roots should be loosened on one side so they can be laid down and covered over with soil.

Order by color. \$3.00 each.

Illustration shows the abundance of bloom to be had on a TREE ROSE.



Wyant Massey Dust



The Most Effective and at the Same Time Probably the Cheapest Preventative of Rose Diseases

Wyant Massey Dust is used in dry form for the control of all plant diseases and chewing insects. It looks like sulphur but is a colloidal compound that is many times more effective than powdered sulphur. This dust is so fine that it sticks readily to dry foliage and is so toxic to disease that it is a powerful preventative to all diseases if applied often and timely. In rainy spells it may be necessary to dust several times a week and in hot dry weather very little or

no dusting is done. The average is an application once a week but the time of application must be governed according to the wind and rain and not according to the calendar. Applying the dust calm evenings just before the dew has been found to give fine results.

Wyant Massey Dust is sulphur colored but it should not be applied heavily enough to badly discolor the foliage and should be applied with a good dust gun so as to get it on the undersides of the leaves as well as the top surfaces. This dust is also often used to kill the worms on vegetables and perennials and to prevent the diseases on many other garden flowers. It is the same dust we use in the fields to dust our Rose bushes.

5	lb.	carton	\$1.00	postpai	.d
25	,,	bag	4.00	- ,, -	
50	,,	"	7.50	freight	paid
100	"	**	12.00	,,	-,,

Wyant Rose Dust

A Hot Weather Dust

The same high quality dust as above except it is without poison and therefore is used solely for the prevention of plant diseases. It is to be used in the heat of the summer or in enclosed gardens with little circulation of air where it gets very hot so that there might be danger of the foliage getting burned. We use this dust in our fields from about July 1 to Sept. 1. Prices same as above.

Pomo-Green

To be Used for Everything that effects Roses

Leaf green, all-in-one material to be used as either a dry dust or spray for Black-spot, Mildew, Rusts, Blight Leaf-eating insects and

Sucking Insects (Aphids) on Roses. It can also be used on annuals, perennials and shrubs. Highest endorsement by American Rose Society. 5 lb. can, \$3.00 postpaid; 50 lb. drum, \$21.00 freight paid.

Lime Sulphur

We have taken on this product for the convenience of our customers. There are many who wish to give their rose beds a spraying in order to steralize the soil so as to help keep Black-spot from spreading so rapidly the following spring and summer. This disease starts in the spring from spores on diseased leaves that fell to the ground. A thorough spraying of the soil in the early winter and again in the early spring before the leaves are out with about 1 pound of Lime-sulphur to 4 gal. of water greatly helps prevent the spread of the disease spores and makes the prevention of Black-spot easier. 1 pound can, 35c; 8 pound bag, \$1.00, postpaid.

Wyant Rose Food

NEW AND BETTER

The organic fertilizers composing Wyant Rose Food last longer and are less dangerous than the commonly used chemical fertilizers. We tried different fertilizers for several years on our roses and finally definitely decided that this food is better than anything else we have ever had.

AN ORGANIC FOOD

In contrast to the Chemical Fertilizers, Wyant Rose Food is made up of almost all organic foods. These organic foods are put together in such a way that they produce a perfect balanced food for rose growth. The analysis is 7-8-5 but that is not as important as the fact that this food makes stronger healthier bushes which will produce more and better roses.

NO FILLER

Wyant Rose Food contains no filler. Every particle of it can be used by the plant to make brighter bigger and better roses. It is prepared primarily for rose bushes but it can be used to advantage on other growing plants. Instructions for use with each package.

WYANT	(100 lb. bag at	\$6.25 , freight	or e	xpress	3
ROSE	50 lb. bag at	4.00, Postage	2nd	zone,	60c
	25 lb. bag at	2.25, Postage	"	"	33 c
\mathbf{FOOD}	10 lb. bag at	1.00, Postage	,,	,,	16c

The above prices are F.O.B. Mentor.

Ohio Customers, don't forget Sales Tax.



Wyant Dust Gun

An efficient, economical dust gun is one of the essential tools for Rose growing. The one which we highly recommend, holds about one quart of dust, has a 24-inch extension with a curved nozzle and is so well constructed that it should last you as long as you raise Roses. It shoots the dust in a cloud onto the undersides of the leaves and spreads evenly and economically on all leaf surfaces and operates so easy that children love to work it. Any of our dusts may be left in the gun from one time to another without harm. \$1.25 each, postpaid.

For gardens of 100 or more Roses I recommend our 2 quart gun, 48 inches long overall, which even though much larger is very easy to operate. \$2.50 each, postpaid.

TRI-OGEN

A triple-acting spray controlling black-spot, mildew, blight, sucking and chewing insects on roses. If you prefer spraying to dusting we recommend this as the best of the spray materials

Small Kit (For 25 roses)	\$1.50
Medium Kit (For 75 roses)	
Large Kit (For 150 roses)	
Estate Kit (For 500 roses)	20.00
Kits are sufficient for season	



GARDEX CULTIVATOR

For large or small gardens, this easy to operate tool is unsurpassed. The position and construction of the High Carbon Steel

Tines cause them to penetrate any soil with ease as they loosen and cultivate the ground thoroughly to the necessary depth.

The operator can easily get into small places without breaking branches with this new cultivator. Excellent quality and attractive low price.

Complete with 4 ft. handle85c



RED RADIANCE WYANT ROSES - MENTOR. O.

PERMANENT WATERPROOF TAGS ATTACHED TO ALL WYANT ROSES

Every Wyant Rose can be identified for years to come from the weatherproof embossed aluminum name tag attached to it before shipping. This permanent labeling is done for you without additional charge and helps to keep your Rose Garden well classified. Additional labels made to order, 3c each.

Wyant Grown Patented Roses

Most Patented Roses are produced only by the Patentees and everyone who sells them must procure them from that one source. However, we are producing more and more of the Patented Roses that we sell right here on our own place and the following varieties this year are home grown:—

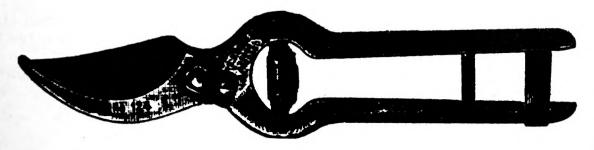
Alezane
Alice Harding
Amelia Earhart
Angels Matau
Anne Poulsen
Blaze

Carillon Countess Vandal Crimson Glory Doubloons Eclipse
Feu Pernet Ducher
Gloaming
Golden Climber
Golden Main
Mable Stearns
Matador
McGredys Triumph
Mme. Cochet Cochet
Mrs. Francis King

Permanent Wave Radiant Beauty Radio Rochefort Signora Sterling Texas Centennial Warrawee

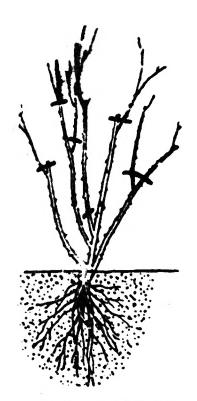
Pruning Shears

It is a pleasure to work with good tools. The shears pictured here are light, durable and well made. We use these shears in our own work and find them much superior to most pruning shears that we are offering them to our customers. \$2.50 postpaid.

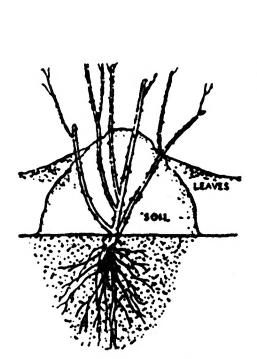


CULTURAL REMINDERS

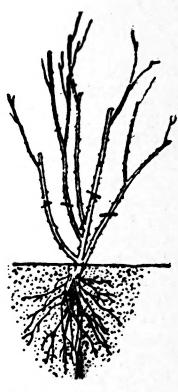
Complete instructions for planting Roses are included with each shipment.



Spring pruning of older plants for quantity bloom if branches are alive high up.



Hilled up, pruned a bit, and covered for Winter. Either old or new plants.



Showing where Rose should be pruned for Spring planting. Note depth of planting

- 1. Begin right by buying Wyant Roses.
- 2. Plant in the fall or as early as possible in the Spring.
- 3. When Roses are received don't let them dry out.
- 4. Leave Winter protection on a little longer than you think necessary.
- 5. Remove Winter protection a little at a time and then prune.
- 6. Fertilize each April June and August if you want the best

- results. Bonemeal is the only chemical fertilizer that may be applied to newly planted Roses.
- 7. Be systematic about controlling insects and diseases.
- 8. Disbud when side buds are very tiny if you want to produce specimen blooms.
- 9. Prune climbers only when they get too large for your trellis.
- 10. In pruning climbers remove the oldest canes after they bloom in June or July.

WYANT ROSES ARE QUALITY ROSES

Wyant Roses are of the highest quality and are all two-year field grown budded bushes. Having been raised in the severe climate of Northern Ohio by a Rose Specialist, they will produce satisfaction in your garden if given a chance.

PLEASE READ BEFORE BUYING Special Discounts

Select the One to Apply On Your Order

- 15% discount on 12 to 24 Roses which are not Patented varieties.
- 20% discount on 25 or more Roses which are not Patented varieties.
- 33 1/3% discount on 100 or more Roses, not Patented varieties, in quantities of at least 5 of a kind—F. O. B. Mentor.

Discount on Patented Varieties

3-\$2.00 Patented R	Roses\$	5.00
3\$1.50 Patented R	loses	
3-\$1.25 Patented R	Roses	3.15
3-\$1.00 Patented R	loses	2.50

Any 3 or more patented varieties at the 3 rate. No further discount on the patented kinds.

Any equally good variety will be substituted if any of the kinds ordered are sold out unless requested not to. The correct name will be put on the bush as we guarantee all Wyant Roses to be true to name.

Order early or send a list of 2nd choice as the supply of many varieties is low.

All shipments sent prepaid except Rose Food and 100 Roses.

These prices and discounts supercede all previous lists.

Ohio Customers Add Sales Tax

MELVIN E. WYANT

Rose Specialist

INC

MENTOR

OHIO

TWO GARDENS: 1½ miles east of Mentor Garden and Storage Cellar on Route 84.

Garden on Route 20.

VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME

